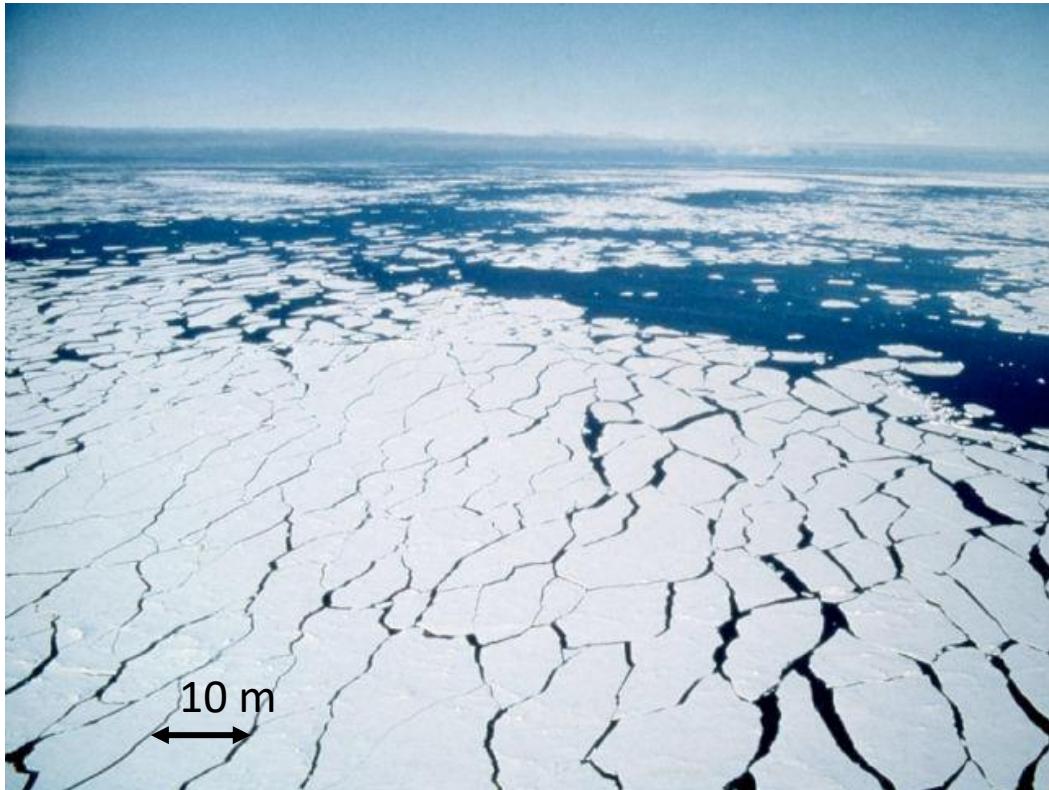


Aerial observation of the propagation of surface waves in fragmented sea ice

Sébastien KUCHLY¹, Elie DUMAS-LEFEBVRE², Dany DUMONT², Antonin EDDI¹, Stéphane PERRARD¹



Antarctic Marginal Ice Zone (MIZ)
Pr. A. Baggeroer



*Breaking of ice by surface waves, Rimouski, Canada
PMMH Turbots team, (20 February 2024)*

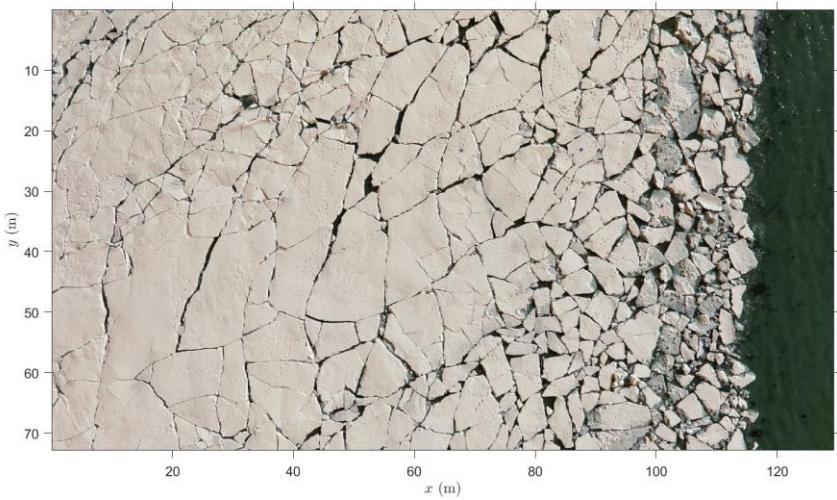
How do surface waves propagate in an array of
fragmented ice floes ?

Floe Size Distribution (FSD),
Spatial distribution, h_{ice} , λ , A

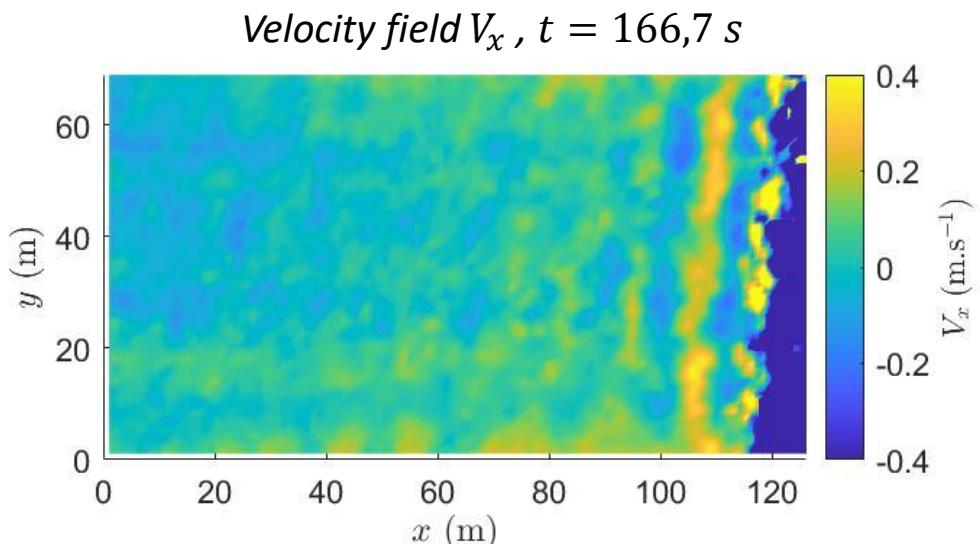
¹Laboratoire de Physique et Mécanique des Milieux Hétérogènes, PMMH, ESPCI Paris

²Institut des Sciences de la Mer de Rimouski, ISMER, UQAR

A case study : Ha! Ha! Bay, Rimouski, Canada



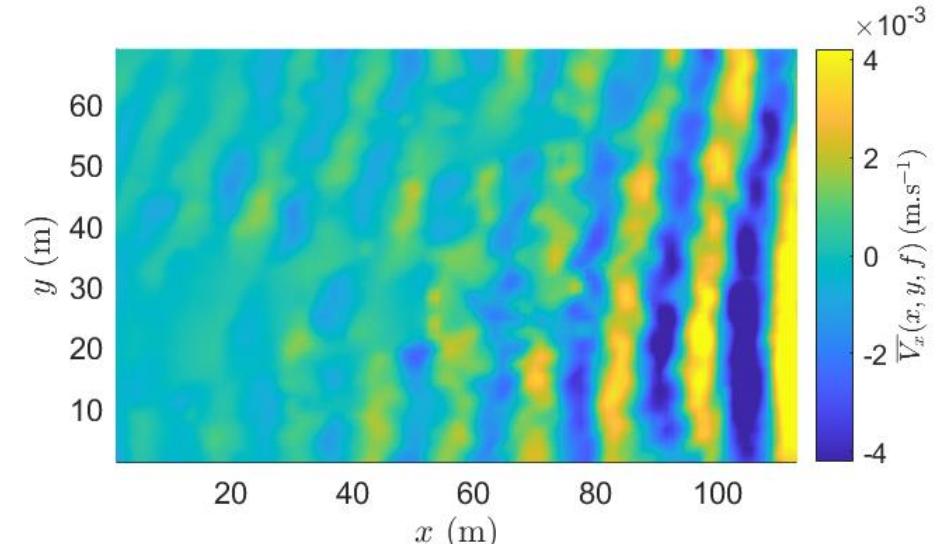
Aerial picture, Ha! Ha! Bay, Saint-Lawrence River, Rimouski, Canada,
PMMH Turbots team (10 March 2023), altitude $h = 100,6\text{ m}$



What can we extract from these aerial observations ?

- Digital Image Correlation (DIC) method : Velocity fields
- Waves dispersion relation in the ice covered region
- Attenuation of the different frequencies

Demodulated wave field, $f = 0,326\text{ Hz}$



ESPCI PARIS PSL

SCIENCES
SORBONNE
UNIVERSITÉ

UQAR

SMER

cnrs