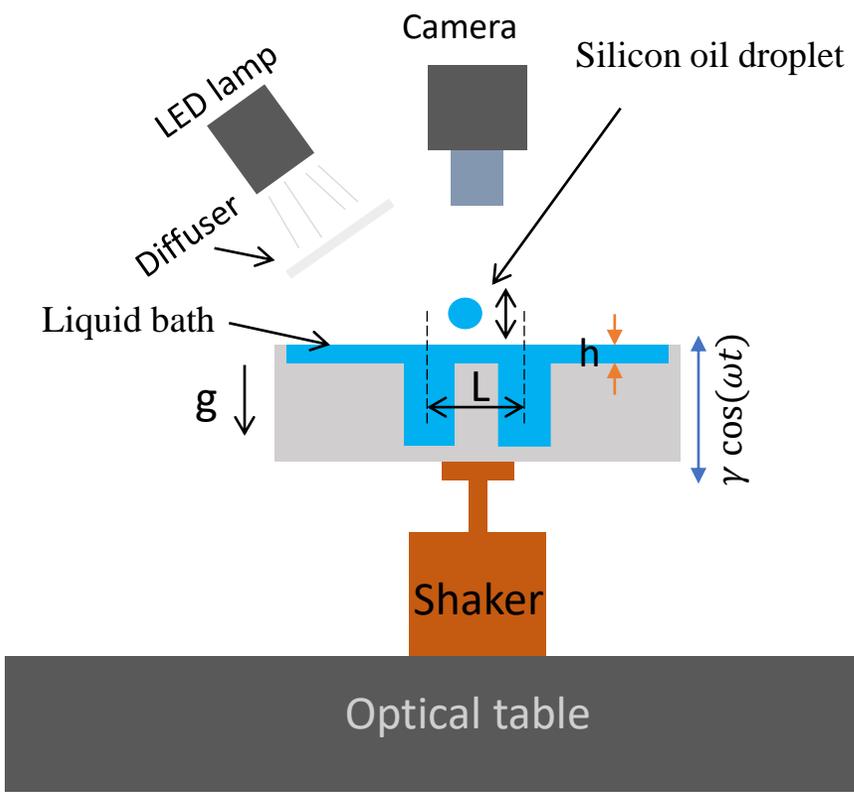


Experimental test of the static bell's inequality in a hydrodynamic system

Sunil Kumar Saroj^{1,2}, Stéphane Perrard², Matthieu Labousse¹

1. Gulliver, CNRS, ESPCI Paris, Université PSL, 75005, Paris, France
 2. PMMH, CNRS, ESPCI Paris, Université PSL, Sorbonne Université, Université de Paris, 75005, Paris, France

Experimental setup



Bouncing of droplet



Courtesy: A. Eddi

$$\text{Memory } Me = \frac{1}{1 - \frac{\gamma}{\gamma_f}}$$

γ → Driving acceleration
 γ_f → Faraday threshold acceleration

Walking of the droplet

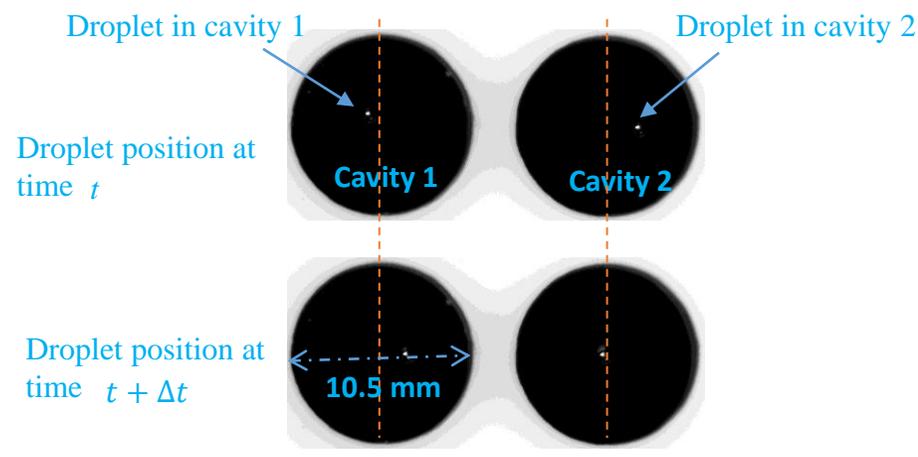
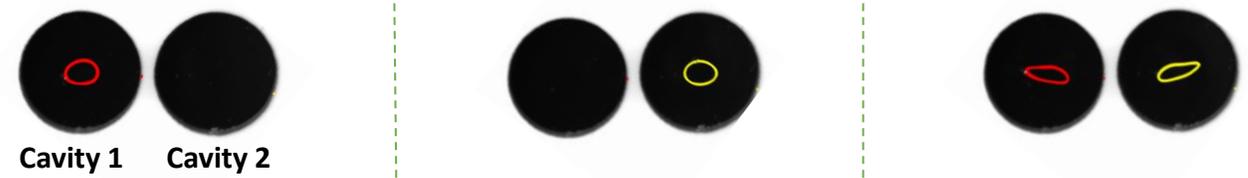
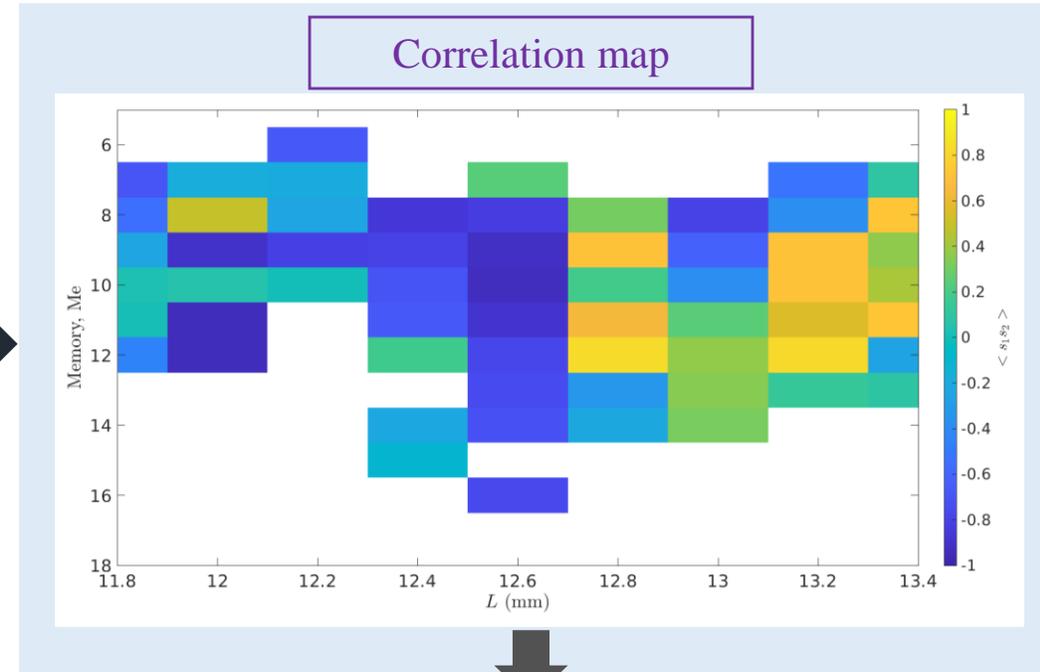
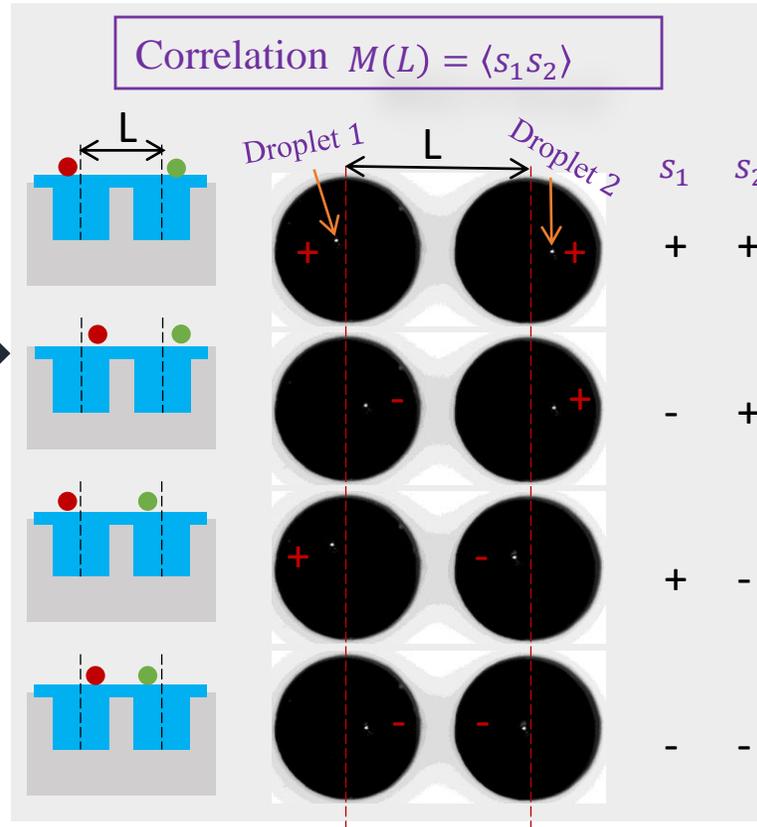
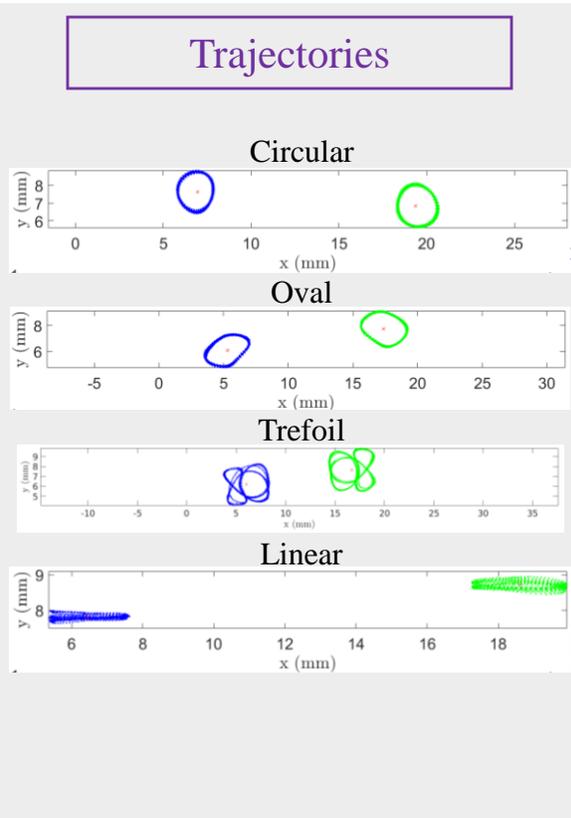


Illustration of trajectory change due to wave mediated interaction between two droplets



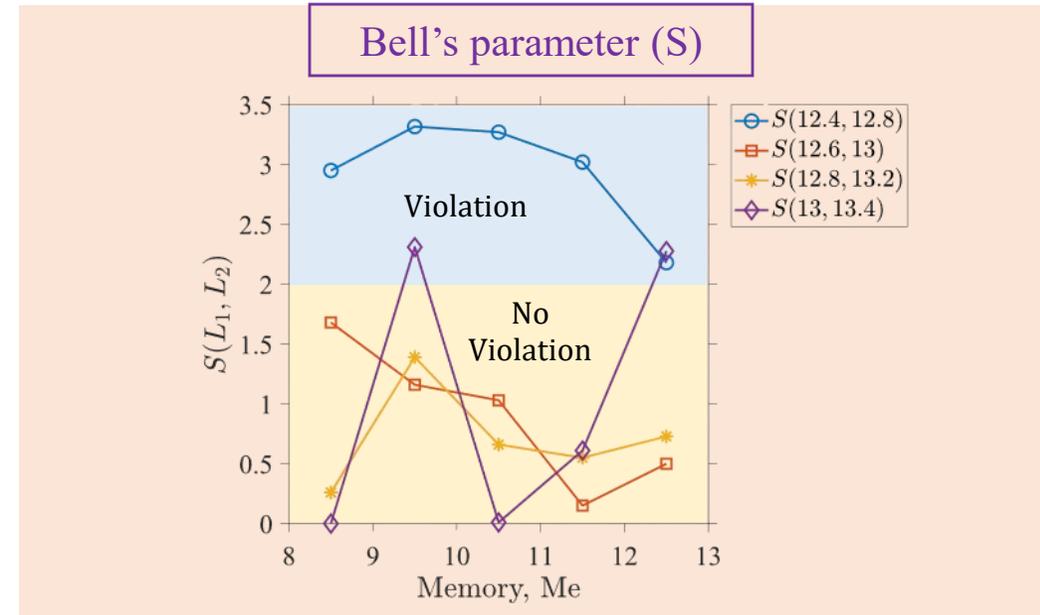
Results



- ❖ The condition for the violation of Bell's inequality:

$$S(L_1, L_2) = \left| M(L_1) + 2 M\left(\frac{L_1 + L_2}{2}\right) - M(L_2) \right| \geq 2.$$

- ❖ The max violation of the Bell's inequality is observed for $L = 12.4$ mm to 12.8 mm



Thank you

Merci!

Merci!