

When marbles challenge pearls

Kexin ZHAO¹, David QUERE²

¹ LadHyX, CNRS, Ecole Polytechnique, Institut Polytechnique de Paris, Palaiseau, France

² Physique et Mécanique des Milieux Hétérogènes, UMR 7636 du CNRS, PSL Research University, ESPCI, 75005 Paris, France

kexin.zhao@espci.fr

The spectacular nature of non-wetting drops mainly arises from their extreme mobility, and quicksilver, for instance, was named after this property. There are two ways to make water non-wetting, and they both rely on texture : either we can roughen a hydrophobic solid, which makes drops looking like pearls, or we can texture the liquid with a hydrophobic powder that “isolates” the resulting marble from its substrate. We observe, here, races between pearls and marbles, and report two effects : (1) the static adhesion of the two objects is different in nature, which we interpret as a consequence of the way they meet their substrates ; (2) when they move, pearls are generally quicker than marbles, which might arise from the dissimilarity of the liquid/air interface between these two kinds of globules.

Références

1. E.B DUSSAN & R.T.P, On the ability of drops orbubbles to stick to non-horizontal surfaces of solids, *J.Fluid Mech.* **137**, 1–29 (1983).
2. P. AUSSILLOUS & D. QUERE, ”Liquid marbles”, *Nature*.**411**, 924–927 (2001).